

# Market Commentary

## CI Digital Roadshow

CAMBRIDGE  
GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT

### Summary of a presentation by Stephen Groff, Principal and Portfolio Manager Cambridge Global Asset Management September 21, 2016

#### Current environment

- There is a lot of political noise, macro noise and a U.S. election that's very polarizing.
- Markets are volatile, with low to negative earnings growth and higher equity valuations.
- Monetary policy has boosted asset values but there are opportunities for bottom-up investors with a long-term view.
- Momentum – the focus on macroeconomic events has created a bit of a flywheel. Fund flows are driving asset prices, which are driving behaviour, which in turn is driving further fund flows. Money is being directed towards finding where the money is going, as opposed to finding what businesses are undervalued.
- A significant portion of recent asset price increases has been driven by multiple expansion. Some of the standouts are utilities, consumer staples and health care. Many of the names within these subsectors are being pushed higher by investors looking for bond alternatives.
- We view the market as very one-sided at the moment. The investing public has a consistent view on which parts of the world are growing, leading to crowding and some risk.

#### The Cambridge dividend suite

- The Cambridge dividend philosophy follows the same process used for every fund within the Cambridge lineup.
- Our portfolio managers invest in the funds we manage, aligning our interests with other fund investors. This, in combination with our focus on downside protection, a consistent process and active management, makes our dividend lineup a unique offering.
- We spend our time getting to know a company's business; we care less about the dividend. The business and its cash flow is what drives the total shareholder return and value creation.
- If you only focus on the yield, you're missing the driver behind the yield. If the yield is unsustainable, it doesn't matter what amount it may be.
- We spend a lot of time understanding what could hurt a business – that's how we minimize the probability of long-term capital loss.
- It's about total return, not just about the yield. It's about what clients will receive from a yield perspective and from capital appreciation over time. By finding quality companies that can compound value over time, you can get a better total return over the long term.
- Cambridge Global Dividend Fund, Cambridge U.S. Dividend Fund and Cambridge Canadian Dividend Fund all have high active share, with portfolios that are relatively concentrated yet diversified across industry sectors (see tables below).

# Market Commentary

Cambridge Canadian Dividend Fund characteristics July 2016		Cambridge U.S. Dividend Fund characteristics July 2016		Cambridge Global Dividend Fund characteristics July 2016	
Active Share	89%	Active Share	91%	Active Share	95%
Number of holdings	30	Number of holdings	26	Number of holdings	35
Dividend yield	2.4%	Dividend yield	2.0%	Dividend yield	2.5%
3-year dividend growth	6%	3-year dividend growth	17%	3-year dividend growth	15%
3-year change in shares	0%	3-year change in shares	-1%	3-year change in shares	0%
Payout ratio	38%	Payout ratio	31%	Payout ratio	37%

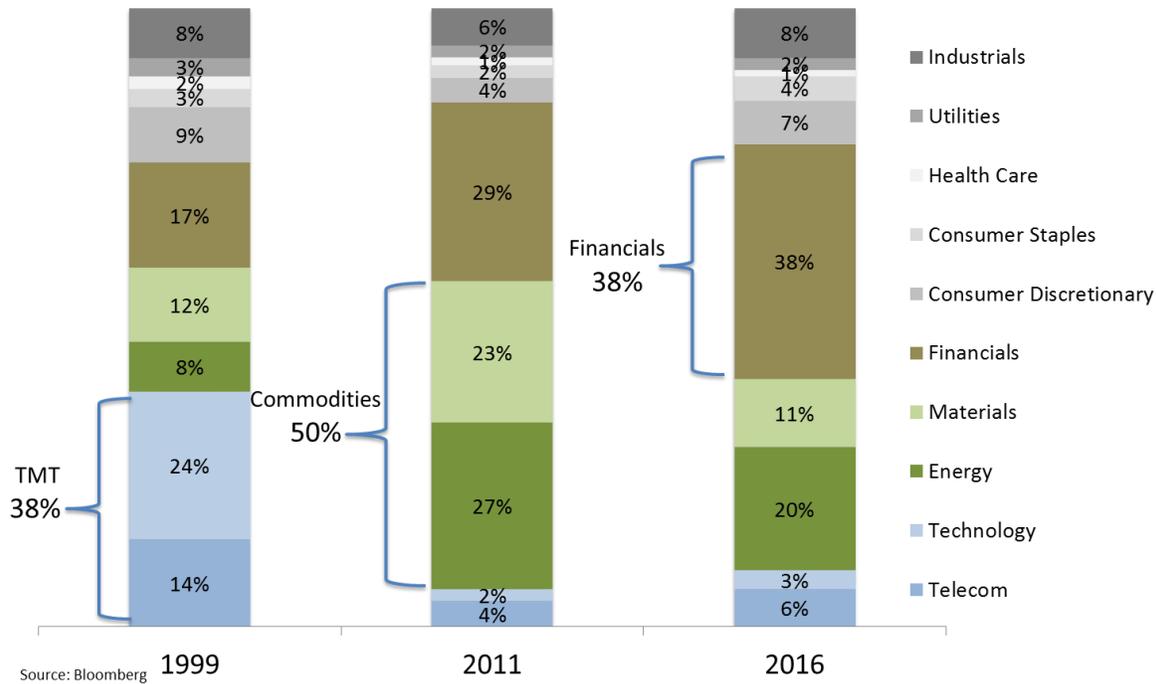
- Dividend yield is calculated as the market value weighted average of annualized current dividend / security price
- Adjustments to dividend growth and change in shares made to reflect M+A or one off items. Companies with under three years of history are excluded.
- Payout ratio is the current dividend / relevant industry metric (i.e. EPS/FCF/AFFO) estimate weighted by security.
- Number of holdings refers to common equity positions.

- The payout ratios of our holdings are quite conservative. They invest a lot of money back into their businesses, becoming stronger and more competitive, ultimately, growing the dividends.
- We prefer a growing dividend stream over a higher yield today that's flat, or even worse, going to get cut.

## Market concentration

- The Canadian equity market is very concentrated, which can result in a lot more volatility and more momentum than you see in other parts of the world. Sector weightings of the S&P/TSX Composite Index changed considerably from 1999 to 2011 and today (see chart). If you buy an index, you think you're getting diversification but you're actually getting a lot of correlated bets. In 2016, nearly 40% of the TSX is in financials, which is heavily dominated by Canadian banks. We do not own any Canadian banks today.
- The active share of the Cambridge funds tend to be fairly high because we use a distinct, bottom-up approach.
- Eight of the top 10 holdings are the same across the TSX and the three largest dividend funds in the country. Investors in those funds will be better served owning an index fund because there is no value in paying an active management fee when you're effectively getting the index.

# Market Commentary



*This commentary is published by CI Investments Inc. It is provided as a general source of information and should not be considered personal investment advice or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell securities. Every effort has been made to ensure that the material contained in this commentary is accurate at the time of publication. However, CI Investments Inc. cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness and accepts no responsibility for any loss arising from any use of or reliance on the information contained herein. This report may contain forward-looking statements about the fund, its future performance, strategies or prospects, and possible future fund action. These statements reflect the portfolio managers' current beliefs and are based on information currently available to them. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. We caution you not to place undue reliance on these statements as a number of factors could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement, including economic, political and market changes and other developments. Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees and expenses all may be associated with mutual fund investments. Please read the prospectus before investing. Mutual funds are not guaranteed, their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated. ©CI Investments and the CI Investments design and logo are registered trademarks of CI Investments Inc. Cambridge Global Asset Management is a business name of CI Investments Inc., used in connection with its subsidiary, CI Global Investments Inc. Certain portfolio managers of Cambridge Global Asset Management are registered with CI Investments Inc. Published September 2016.*